

No. 50/2/2011-S(I)(F).—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-clause (b) of clause (9) of Section 2 of the Indian Stamp Act, 1899, the Governor of Haryana hereby appoints Shri Anshaj Singh, IAS, Sub Divisional Officer (C) Narnaul perform the duties of a Collector under the said Act within the limits of the Narnaul Sub Division of the Mahendergarh District.

Chandigarh :
The 1st June, 2011

ANURAG AGGARWAL,
Special Secretary Personnel,
for Chief Secretary to Government, Haryana.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT

The 3rd May, 2011

No. 2/5/2010-1Pension.—The Swavalamban Yojna Scheme through NPS Lite, 2010 has been introduced by the Government of India *w.e.f.* 1st May, 2009 for the weaker and economically disadvantaged sections of the society with their limited investment potential to be able to avail of NPS for securing their old age income security. After detailed examination of the said scheme, it has been decided by the Government of Haryana to introduce a similar scheme and also to enable the workers of specified un-organized sector of State of Haryana to avail the benefits of the Swavalamban Yojna Scheme of the Government of India. The salient features of this scheme are as under :—

1. The Pension Scheme shall be called the Mahatma Gandhi Swavalamban Pension Scheme-2011 (MGSPS-2011 for short).
2. It shall come into force *w.e.f.* 1st May, 2011.
3. For the purpose of this Scheme, a person will be deemed to belong to the specified unorganised sector if that person :—
 - (i) is a member of Cane Growers' Societies/Cooperative Sugar Mills/Hafed Sugar Mill/Milk Cooperatives or is an Anganwari Worker; and
 - (ii) is not in regular employment of the State Government or an autonomous body/Public sector undertakings of the State Government having employer assisted retirement benefit scheme; and
 - (iii) is not covered by a social security scheme under any of the following laws.
 - * Employees Provident Fund and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952.
 - * The Coal Mines Provident Fund and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1948.
 - * The Seamen's Provident Fund Act, 1966.
 - * The Assam Tea Plantations Provident Fund and Pension Fund Scheme Act, 1955.
 - * The Jammu and Kashmir Employee Provident Fund Act, 1961.
4. The members shall be eligible to enroll under the MGSPS-2011 if they are in the age group of 18-50 years. However, enrollment is voluntary. Further even if a person is a member of more than one Society/Cooperative etc. as specified in Para-3 (i) above, he will be eligible to have a single MGSPS-2011 account only.
5. In this scheme, each member will contribute Rs. 200 per month or Rs. 2,400 per annum. The State Government will contribute Rs. 100 per month *i.e.* Rs. 1,200 per year. The contribution by State Government will be made after completion of each financial year for such number of months for which contribution of member has been received during the financial year. However, to be eligible for the contribution from State Government minimum contribution in a year should be Rs. 1,000 and maximum contribution in a year should not exceed Rs. 12,000.
6. Under the scheme, Government of India will contribute Rs. 1,000 per year to each MGSPS-2011 account opened in the year 2010-11 and for the next three years, that is, 2011-12, 2012-13 and 2013-14 subject

to fulfilment of the eligibility criteria as prescribed by PFRDA for its scheme "Swavalamban Yojna". Such contribution will be restricted to such number of years as specified in the said scheme of Government of India.

7. The benefit of Central Government contribution will be available only to those persons whose contribution to MGSPS-2011 is minimum Rs. 1,000 and maximum Rs. 12,000/- per annum.
8. At the time of joining the MGSPS-2011, the subscriber will have to declare whether he/she falls within the definition of specified unorganised sector as defined in para 3 above and would also declare that his contribution would range between Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 12,000 per annum. If subsequent to opening the MGSPS-2011 account, it is found that the subscriber has made a false declaration about his eligibility for the benefits under this scheme or has been wrongly given the benefit of Government contribution under this scheme for whatsoever reason, the entire Government contribution will be deducted alongwith penal interest as may be specified from time to time.
9. If the status of the subscriber changes to ineligible after joining the MGSPS-2011, he/she should immediately declare so and the benefit of Government contribution will not accrue to the subscriber's account after the date on which the subscriber becomes ineligible. However if such subscriber becomes eligible again after some period of time then he will again have the benefit for Government contribution as per rules applicable at that time.
10. At the end of each financial year, the CRA will send to the PFRDA details of the MGSPS-2011 accounts opened during the year, showing separately the number of eligible MGSPS-2011 accounts in which the subscriber's contribution has been between Rs. 1,000 and Rs. 12,000 so as to work out the Contribution of State Government and Central Government. CRA will also send these details with individual PRAN to the Trustee Bank.
11. The exit from the Scheme would be subject to the terms and conditions that is, exit at age 60 with 40% minimum annuitisation of pension wealth and exit before age 60 with 80% minimum annuitisation of pension wealth. However, the exit would be subject to the overriding condition that the amount of pension wealth to be annuitised should be sufficient to yield a minimum amount of Rs. 1,000 per month. If the annuitised pension wealth does not yield an amount of Rs. 1,000 per month, the percentage of pension wealth to be annuitised would be increased so that the pension amount becomes Rs. 1,000 per month, failing which the entire pension wealth would be subject to annuitisation. This minimum pension ceiling may be revised from time to time. However, in case of exit at age of 60, if 100% annuitisation does not yield an amount of Rs. 1,000 per month then member will have the option to either continue with such annuitisation or make a lump sum withdrawal of entire amount.
12. On death due to any reason, option will be available to the nominate to receive 100% of the pension wealth in lump sum. However, if the nominee wishes to continue with the Scheme, he/she shall have to subscribe to the Scheme individually after following due procedure and the corpus of the deceased would be transferred to this new account.
13. The State Government will enter into an agreement with the Pension Fund Regulatory and Development Authority, New Delhi or any other Agency as directed by the Pension Fund Regulatory and Development Authority for smooth implementation of the scheme.
14. After opening MGSPS-2011 Account, a Permanent Retirement Account Number (PRAN) Card will be issued to each such enrolled worker and the cost of such PRAN Card will be borne by the subscriber. The charge will be same as prescribed by PFRDA for NPS-Lite Scheme.
15. Subscriber will bear the AMC and other charges under the MGSPS-2011 as determined by the Pension Fund Regulatory and Development Authority (PFRDA), New Delhi for its NPS-Lite Scheme.
16. The release of Pension to the worker and other matters connected therewith will be as per the regulations of MGSPS-2011 as determined from time to time by the State Government.
17. The option for selection of the Pension Fund Manager/Pension Fund Investment Pattern, etc. will be in tune with the options being exercised by the Central Government for NPS-Lite-2010.

18. The Director, Treasuries and Accounts Department, Haryana is hereby appointed as Nodal Officer for the proper implementation of the scheme.

For the purpose of implementation of the scheme, aggregators will be selected by State Government from time to time from the list of aggregators approved by PFRDA with certain terms and conditions. The aggregator will take further necessary action to enter into Memorandum of Understanding after obtaining approval of the PFRDA. Any such appointment shall be governed by the Regulations for Aggregators under MPS Lite-2010 and other rules/guidelines prescribed by the PFRDA from time to time.

AJIT M. SHARAN,

Financial Commissioner and Principal Secretary to,
Government Haryana, Finance Department.

गृह विभाग

आदेश

दिनांक 26 मई, 2011

संख्या 7880/पी०-4.—चूंकि, भूमि अर्जन अधिनियम, 1894 (1894 का अधिनियम 1), की धारा 6 के अधीन जारी की गई, हरियाणा सरकार, गृह विभाग, अधिसूचना संख्या 14619/पी०-4, दिनांक 14 सितम्बर, 2010 में, वर्णित भूमि, सरकार द्वारा, सरकारी खर्च पर, सार्वजनिक प्रयोजन अर्थात् गांव नेवल, तहसील तथा जिला करनाल में कमांडो पुलिस कम्प्लैक्स, नेवल भवन के विस्तार हेतु अपेक्षित घोषित की गई है।

इसलिए, अब, भूमि अर्जन अधिनियम, 1894 (1894 का अधिनियम 1), की धारा 7 द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग कर: हुए, हरियाणा के राज्यपाल, इसके द्वारा, जिला राजस्व अधिकारी एवं भूमि अर्जन कलक्टर, करनाल को निर्देश देते हैं कि पूर्वोक्त अधिसूचना : साथ प्रकाशित घोषणा से संलग्न विशिष्टियों में वर्णित भूमि के अर्जन के लिए आदेश लें।

समीर माथुर,

वित्तियुक्त एवं प्रधान सचिव, ह: ाणा सरकार,
गृह विभाग, चण्डीगढ़।

HOME DEPARTMENT

Order

The 26th May, 2011

No. 7880/P-4.—Whereas, the land described in the Haryana Government, Home Department, Notification No. 14619/P-4, dated the 14th September, 2010, issued under Section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894 (Act 1 of 1894), has been declared to be needed by the Government, at public expenses, for a public purpose, namely, for the expansion of building of Commando Police Complex, Newal at villages Newal, tahsil and district Karnal.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by Section 7 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894 (Act 1 of 1894), the Governor of Haryana hereby directs the District Revenue Officer-cum-Land Acquisition Collector, Karnal to take order for the acquisition of the land described in the specifications appended to the declaration published with the aforesaid notification.

SAMIR MATHUR,

Financial Commissioner and Principal Secretary to,
Government Haryana, Home Department, Chandigarh.